

RE Knowledge and Skills Progression Document

Key Areas	EYFS	Year 1 and 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
Incarnation	Know some stories from the Bible, including Christmas.	Give a clear, simple account of the story of Jesus' birth and why Jesus is important for Christians.	Identify the difference between a 'Gospel', which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus, and a letter.	Explain the place of Incarnation and Messiah within the 'big story' of the Bible.
		Recognise that stories of Jesus' life come from the Gospels.	Offer suggestions about what texts about baptism and Trinity might mean.	Identify Gospel and prophecy texts, using technical terms.
		Give examples of ways in which Christians use the story of the nativity to guide their	Give examples of what these texts mean to some Christians today.	Explain connections between biblical texts, Incarnation and Messiah, using theological terms.
	beliefs and actions at Christmas. Describe how Christians show thei	Describe how Christians show their beliefs about God the Trinity in worship (in	Show how Christians put their beliefs about Jesus' Incarnation into practice in different	
		thankful for at Christmas time.	baptism and prayer, for example) and in the way they live.	ways in celebrating Christmas.
		Know Christians celebrate Jesus' birth; Advent for Christians is a time of getting ready for Jesus' coming.	Make links between some Bible texts studied and the idea of God in Christianity,	Weigh up how far the idea that Jesus is the Messiah — a Saviour from God — is important in the world today and, if it is
		Know Christians believe that Jesus is God	expressing clearly some ideas of their own about what the God of Christianity is like.	true, what difference that might make in people's lives.
		Describe how Christians show their beliefs about God the Trinity in the way they live	Weigh up how far the world needs a Messiah, expressing their own insights.	

				Show how Christians express their beliefs about Jesus as Prince of Peace and as one who transforms lives, through bringing peace and transformation in the world. Identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments
Salvation	Know the story of Easter.	Recognise that Incarnation and Salvation are part of a 'big story' of the Bible. Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter from the Bible and recognise a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people). Recognise that Jesus gives instructions about how to behave. Give at least three examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus' death and resurrection in church worship at Easter. Think, talk and ask questions about whether the story of Easter has anything to say to them about sadness, hope or heaven, exploring different ideas	Order Creation and Fall, Incarnation, Gospel and Salvation within a timeline of the Bible's 'big story'. Offer suggestions for what the texts about the entry into Jerusalem, and the death and resurrection of Jesus might mean. Make simple links between the Gospel texts and how Christians mark the Easter events in their church communities. Make links between some of the stories and teachings in the Bible and life in the world today, expressing some ideas of their own clearly. Raise questions and suggest answers about how serving and celebrating, remembering and betrayal, trust and standing up for your beliefs might make a difference to how pupils think and live.	Outline the timeline of the 'big story' of the Bible, explaining how Incarnation and Salvation fit within it. Explain what Christians mean when they say that Jesus' death was a sacrifice, using theological terms. Suggest meanings for narratives of Jesus' death/ resurrection, comparing their ideas with ways in which Christians interpret these texts. Make clear connections between the Christian belief in Jesus' death as a sacrifice and how Christians celebrate Holy Communion/Lord's Supper. Weigh up the value and impact of ideas of sacrifice in their own lives and the world today.
Other religions	Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities	Judaism Recall and name key objects from a church and a synagogue. Suggest a meaning for some Jewish and	Hinduism Describe Hindu beliefs about the gods and goddesses. Show they understand what happens at	Islam and Humanism Explain the impact of beliefs on how people respond to charity. Consider varied answers to questions

	in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.	Christian symbols. Recognise that holy buildings are connected to beliefs about worshipping God. Name at least two things believers might do when worshipping.	Hindu worship in the home or the mandir. Say why it is important for many Hindu people to have a shrine in their home. Make some connections between the murti and their learning in this unit. Move beyond just description and reference beliefs connected to the murti.	about justice, fairness, human rights & environment. Explain thoughtfully their own ideas about the work of some global development charities. Express in art or writing what importance of fundamental aspects of faith. Explain in art or writing what is important about a global development charity. Thoughtfully select what they think is the
Philosophical aptitude, Listening and Expression	Begin to engage with big ideas. Listen to the thoughts and ideas of others. Talk about thoughts and feelings.	Engage with big ideas. Listen to the thoughts and ideas of others. Begin to articulate own thoughts and feelings.	Engage thoughtfully with big ideas. Listen to the thoughts and ideas of others. Articulate own thoughts and feelings with increasing clarity.	key focus of the work of the charity. Engage critically with big ideas. Listen with compassion to the thoughts and ideas of others. Articulate own thoughts and feelings with increasing clarity.